

663, Homework II, (1 extra problem)

Problem 3

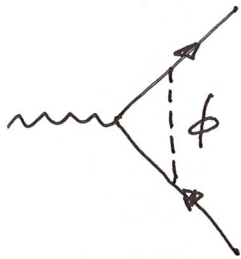
Assume that the value of $(g - 2)/2$ is accounted by known corrections to precision of 10^{-10} . Consider now a scalar particle of mass M and compute the correction to $(g - 2)/2$ from an interaction

a)
$$V = \int d^3x \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{2}} \phi \bar{\psi} \psi \quad (0.1)$$

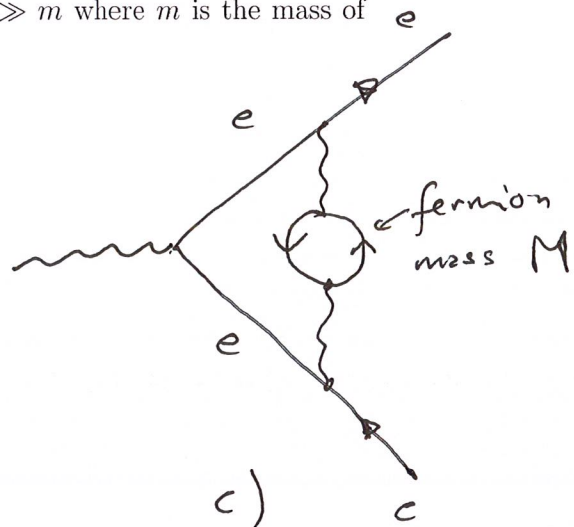
Since this correction is not seen, what constraints do you get on the values of M and λ ? Repeat the same for a pseudo-scalar particle ϕ that couples as

b)
$$V = \int d^3x \frac{i\lambda}{\sqrt{2}} \phi \bar{\psi} \gamma^5 \psi \quad (0.2)$$

c) Consider now a fermion of mass M and charge e that modifies the $(g - 2)/2$ by correcting the photon propagator as in the figure. Compute the corrections to g with particular attention of the case $M \gg m$ where m is the mass of the electron.



a), b)



c)