

Lecture 9 – 09/18/2015

Pages (127 – 137)

- Singularity Functions
 - Signals are in essence defined in terms of how they behave under convolution with other signals
- The Unit Impulse as an Idealized Short Pulse
 - Equations 2.134 and 2.135
 - Signals that “behave like an impulse”
 - Example 2.16 and Figures 2.34 and 2.35
- Defining the Unit Impulse through Convolution
 - We should think of a unit impulse in terms of how an LTI system responds to it
 - Operational definition – Eq 2.138 and Eq. 2.139
- Unit Doublets and Other Singularity Functions
 - Operational definition of the unit doublet – Eq. 2.144
 - Kth derivative of the unit impulse
 - Each of the singularity functions can be informally related to short pulses
 - Successive integrals of the unit impulse
 - Unit ramp function
 - Higher order integrals