

ECE 595, Section 10  
“Numerical Simulations”  
Lecture 1

Prof. Peter Bermel  
January 7, 2013

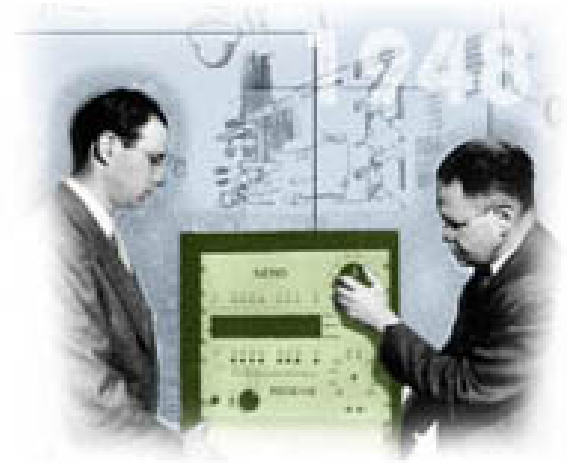


# Outline

- Motivation
- My Background and Research
- Topics for This Class
- Goals for This Class
- Assignments
- Grading

# Motivation for This Class

- Teach new investigators how to use computers to achieve their research goals
- “The purpose of computing is insight, not numbers!” – Richard W. Hamming



RW Hamming (left),  
developing error-  
correcting codes (AT&T)

# My Background

- All degrees in Physics
- Began with Bachelor's at UNC: undergrad research simulating molecular electrostatics
- Continued with Master's at Cambridge University: linear photonic bandstructures
- Completed Ph.D. at MIT on active materials in photonic crystals (Advisor: JD Joannopoulos)
- Continued with postdoc on applications in photovoltaics & thermophotovoltaics (Advisor: M Soljacic)

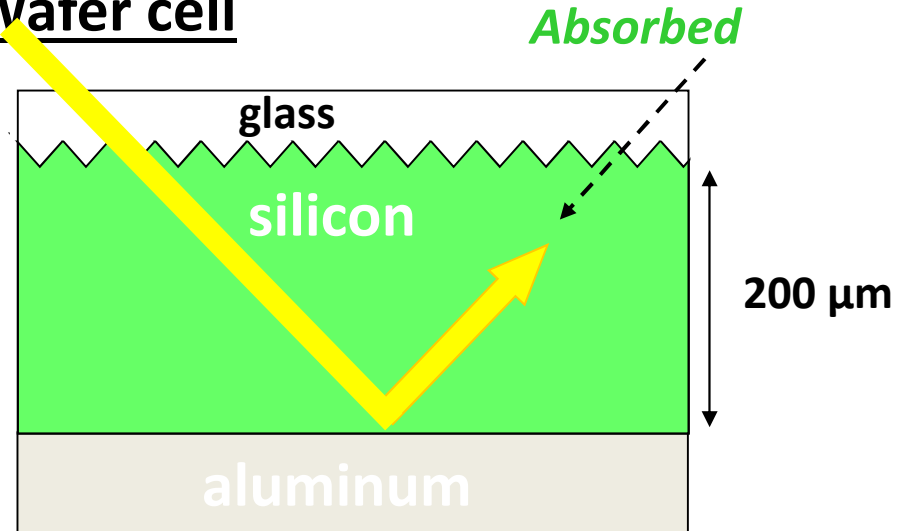
# My Research

## Key areas:

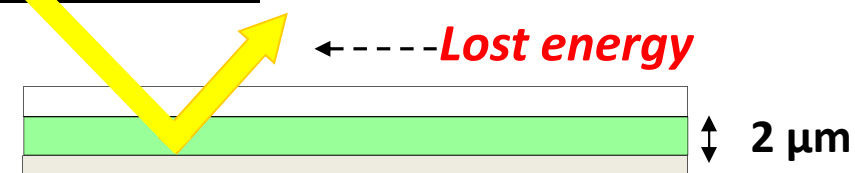
- Photovoltaics
- Thermophotovoltaics
- Nonlinear optical combs

# Light Management in Photovoltaics

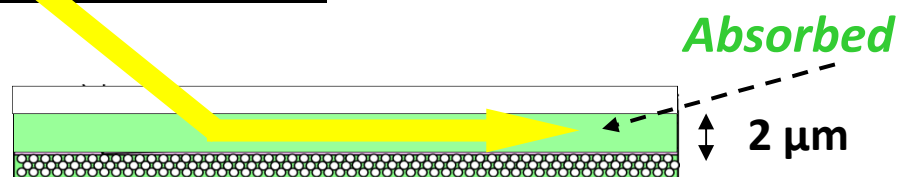
## Wafer cell



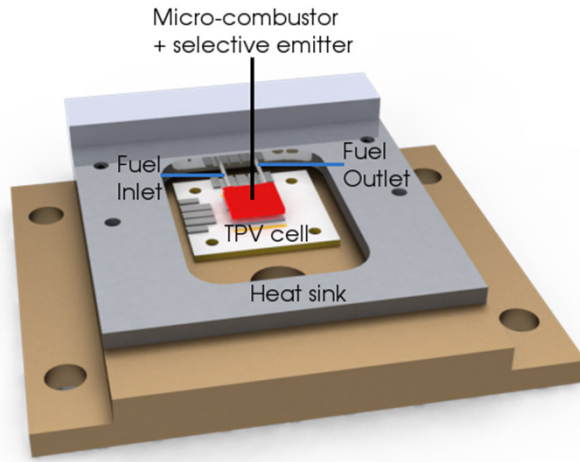
## Si thin film



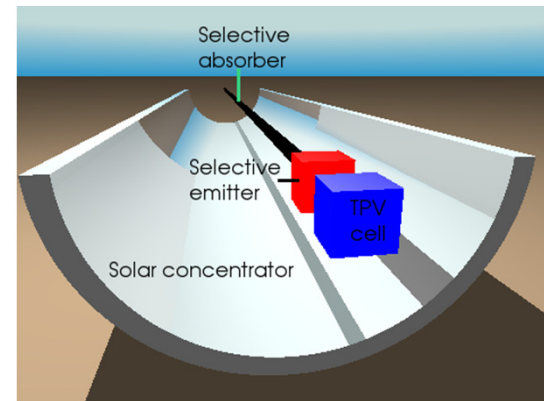
## PhC thin film



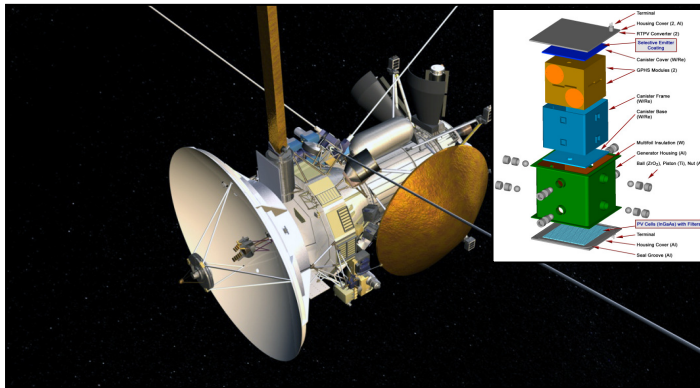
# Thermophotovoltaics (TPV) Enables Unique Energy Systems



$\mu$ TPV portable power generator\*



Solar TPV utility scale electricity<sup>†</sup>



RTPV for long, remote missions<sup>‡</sup>

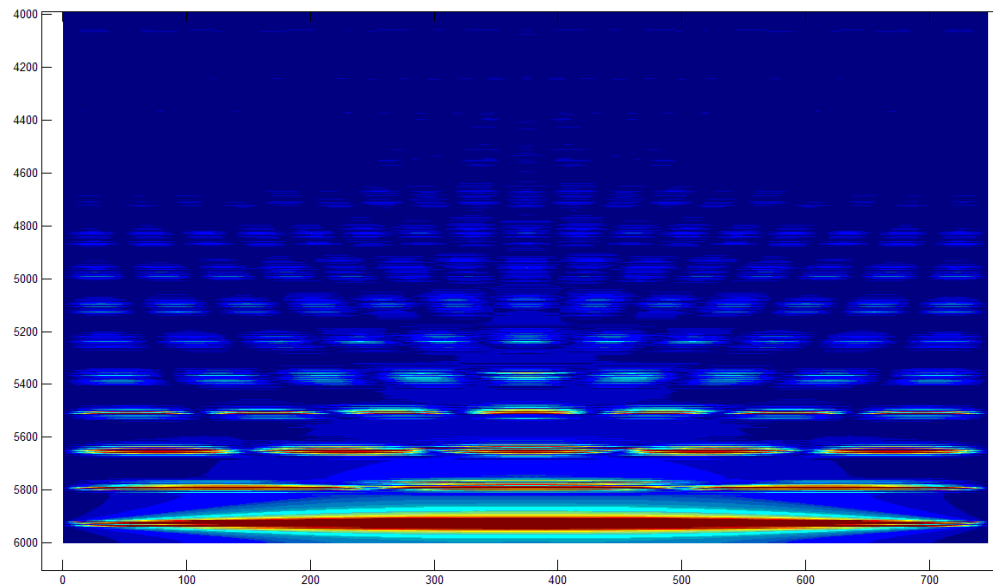
\*R. Pilawa-Podgurski *et al.*, *APEC* **25**, 961 (2010); P. Bermel *et al.*, *Opt. Express* **18**, A314 (2010)

<sup>†</sup> M. Castro *et al.*, *Solar Energy Mater. Solar Cells* **92**, 1697 (2008); E. Rephaeli & S. Fan, *Opt. Express* **17**, 15145 (2009)

<sup>‡</sup> A. Schock *et al.*, *Acta Astronaut.* **37**, 21 (1995); S.-Y. Lin *et al.*, *Appl. Phys. Lett.* **83**, 380 (2003); D. Wilt *et al.*, *AIP Conf. Proc.* **890**, 335 (2007)

# Higher-Harmonic Generation (HHG) with Nonlinear Optical Combs

$$\frac{da_i}{dt} = -i\omega_i a_i + K_{ijkl} e^{i(\omega_k + \omega_l - \omega_i - \omega_j)t} a_j^\dagger a_k a_l$$



Here, a high figure of merit for the resonators increase effective coupling for more efficient HHG.



# Topics Covered In This Class

# Computational Complexity

- Study of the complexity of algorithms
- Based on Turing machines
- Often, one compares algorithms for best scaling in large problems



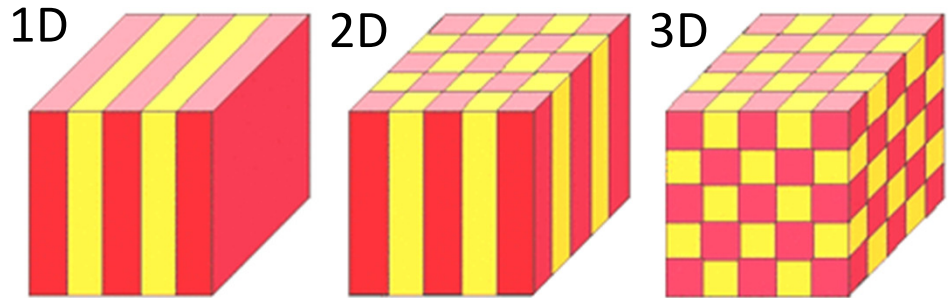
Alan Turing (from University of Calgary Centenary event)

# Eigenproblems

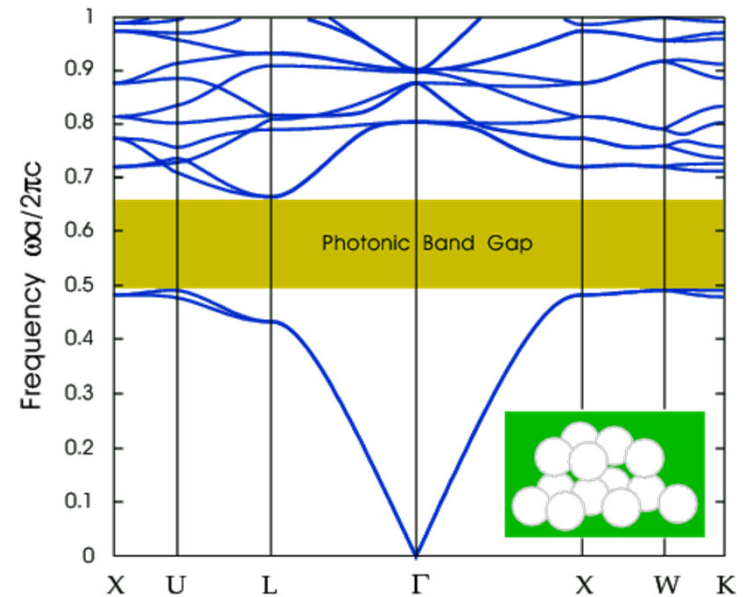
- Generalized eigenproblem:  $Ax = \lambda Bx$
- Solution method will depend on properties of  $A$  and  $B$
- Techniques have greatly varying computational complexity
- Sometimes, full solution is unnecessary

# Crystal Bandstructures

- **Periodic (crystalline) media**
  - Periodic atoms: semiconductors with electronic bandgaps
  - Periodic dielectrics: photonic crystals with photonic bandgaps
- **Many potential applications for both**



periodic crystalline structures



PBG for diamond structure

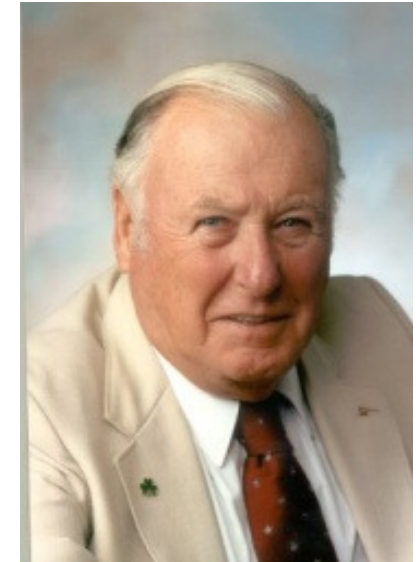
Joannopoulos *et al.*, *Photonic Crystals* (2008)

# Discrete Fourier Transforms

- DFT defined by:

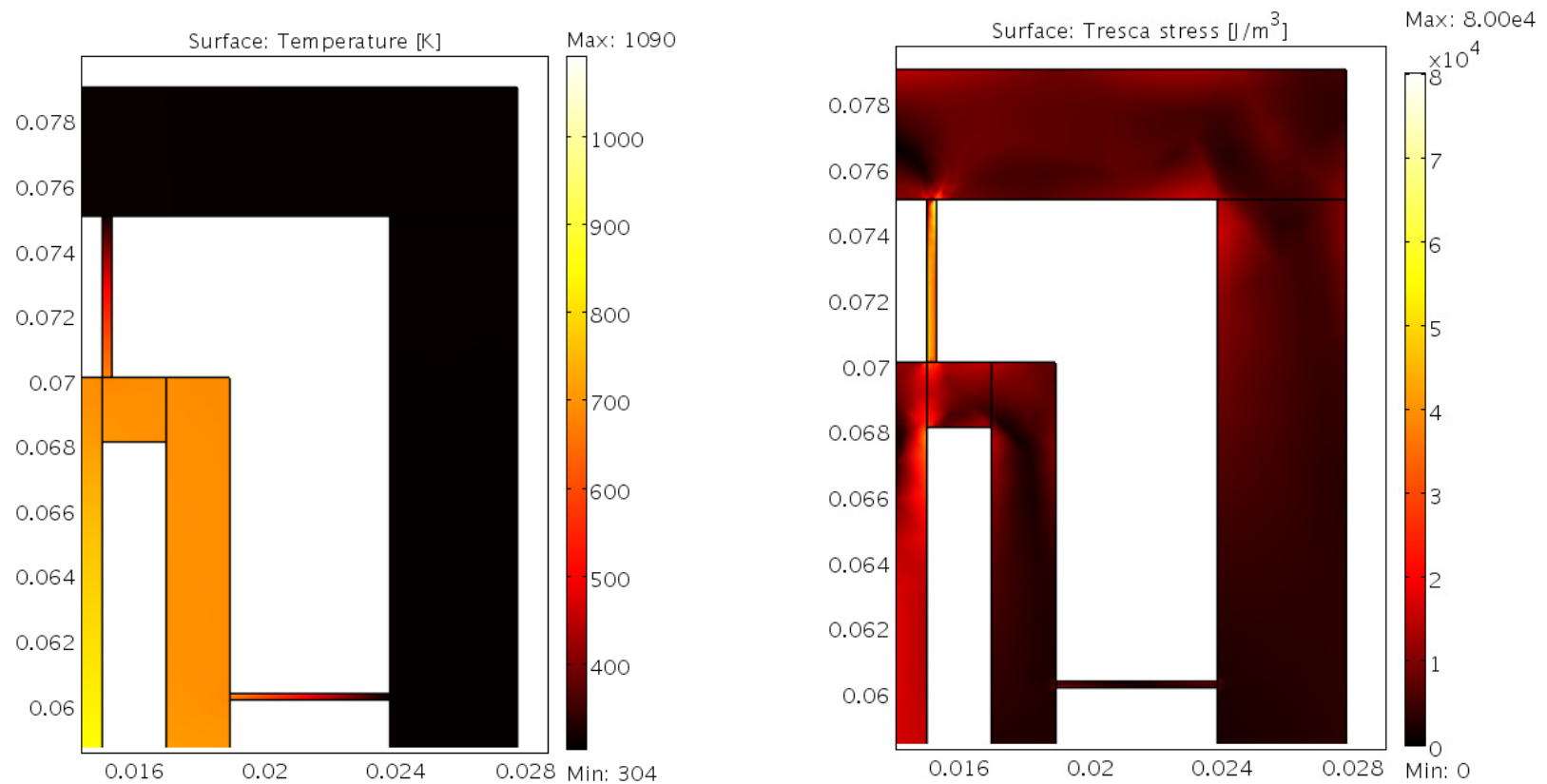
$$F(n) = \sum_{i=1}^N f(x_i) e^{-2\pi j(x_i n/x_N)}$$

- Naïve approach treats each frequency individually
- Can combine operations together for significant speed-up (e.g., Cooley-Tukey algorithm)
- Specialized algorithms depending on data type



J.W. Cooley (IEEE  
Global History  
Network)

# Finite-Element Methods



- For 2D or 3D problems, divide space into a mesh
- Solve a wide array of partial differential equations – well suited for multiphysics problems

# Finite-Difference Time Domain

- Discretize space and time on a Yee lattice
- “Leapfrog” time evolution of Maxwell’s equations:

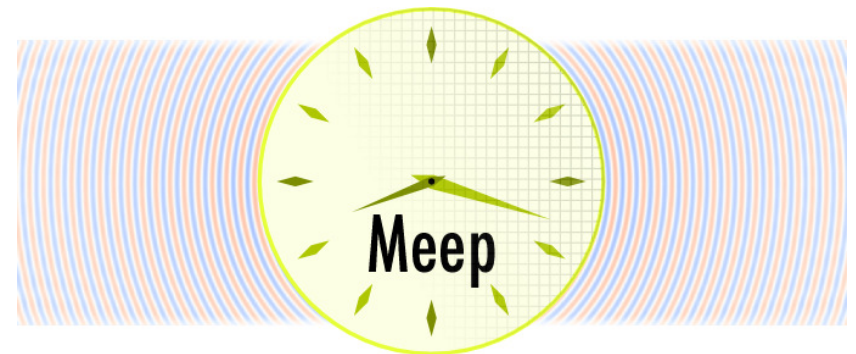
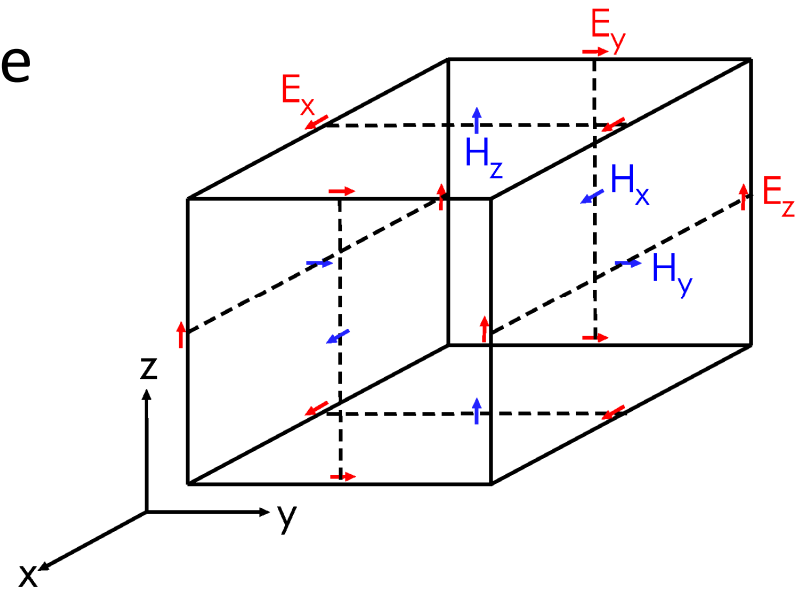
$$\frac{dB}{dt} = -\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} - J_B - \sigma_B B$$

$$\frac{dD}{dt} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} - \vec{J} - \sigma_D D$$

$$D = \epsilon E$$

$$H = B / \mu$$

- Implemented in MEEP:  
[nanohub.org/topics/MEEP](http://nanohub.org/topics/MEEP)







# Goals for This Class

- Learn/review key mathematics
- Learn widely-used numerical techniques just discussed
- Become a capable user of software utilizing these techniques
- Appreciate strengths and weaknesses of competing algorithms; learn how to evaluate the results
- Convey your research results to an audience of your new colleagues

# Key Policies

- Textbooks:
  - Salah Obayya, “Computational Photonics”
  - JD Joannopoulos et al., “Photonic Crystals”
- Communication:
  - Course website: <http://web.ics.purdue.edu/~pbermel/ece595/>
  - nanoHUB group: <https://nanohub.org/groups/ece595>
  - Email: [pbermel@purdue.edu](mailto:pbermel@purdue.edu)
- Full list of policies given on handout; also available under Syllabus on Blackboard



# Quizzes

- Will periodically questions online about the lecture
- Should be after videos are posted
- No trick questions – just designed to make sure you're keeping up with the material

# Class Participation

- Your attendance is important
- Will be grading your involvement, enthusiasm, and respect for your peers in the class
- **Not** grading your percentage of correct answers during class

# Homework

- Homework is essential to learn the material
- 8 total homework assignments this semester, once every other week
  - First one will be available Jan. 11, due Jan. 18
  - Two weeks in a row before Spring Break
- Due at 4:30 pm on the listed dates to [pbermel@purdue.edu](mailto:pbermel@purdue.edu)



# Final Project

- Chance for you to teach the rest of the class about a numerical computing topic that interests you!
- OK to pick something related to your research as long as it's new
- I can suggest topics if you're not sure what to do
- Can ask peers for general advice but all details and presentations should be done by you

# Grading

Grading Item	Points	Date
Quizzes	100	Various
Class Participation	100	All Semester
Homework	100	Every Other Week
Final Project	200	End of Semester
TOTAL	500	

- Numerical grades of 60% or above will pass
- Roughly speaking: A's will be 90% +; B's 80-89%; C's 70-79%
- Final letter grades will be assigned at my discretion



# Next Class

- Discussion of specific goals for numerical computing
- Please read Obayya, Chapter 1