

# Fourier Series Representation of Discrete-time Periodic Signals

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$$\phi_k[n] = e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_{k+N}[n] &= e^{j(k+N) \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n} \\ &= e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n} \underbrace{e^{j N \frac{2\pi}{N} n}}_1 \\ &= e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n} = \phi_k[n]\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi_0[n] \quad \phi_1[n] \quad \dots \quad \phi_{N-1}[n]$$

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All the elements in the set of harmonically related complex exponentials with fund. freq.  $\frac{2\pi}{N}$

$$x[n] = \sum_{k \in \langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

$\uparrow$   
N consecutive indices

Fact  $\sum_{n \in \langle N \rangle} e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$

$$= \begin{cases} N \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

$$k = 0, \pm N, \pm 2N, \dots$$

otherwise

$$\sum_{n \in \langle N \rangle} x[n] e^{-j \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) r n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \langle N \rangle} \sum_{k \in \langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j(k-r) \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

$$= \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} \sum_{n=\langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j(k-r) \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)n} \quad (3)$$

$$= \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k \underbrace{\sum_{n=\langle N \rangle} e^{j(k-r) \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)n}}_{\begin{cases} N & \text{if } k=r \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}$$

$$= a_r N$$

$$= \sum_{n=\langle N \rangle} x[n] e^{-j\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)rn}$$

DT-FS

$$\Rightarrow a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=\langle N \rangle} x[n] e^{-j\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)kn}$$

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)kn}$$

## Example

(4)

$$x[n] = \sin \omega_0 n$$

$\frac{2\pi}{\omega_0}$  is rational  $\iff x[n]$  periodic

Only if it's periodic, we find FS

Let's say that  $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{N}$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2j} e^{j\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)n} - \frac{1}{2j} e^{-j\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)n}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{2j} \quad a_{-1} = -\frac{1}{2j}$$

Let's say that  $N=5$

So we ~~we~~ have 5 coefficients

$$a_0 = 0 \quad a_1 = \frac{1}{2j} \quad a_2 = 0 \quad a_3 = 0 \quad a_4 = -\frac{1}{2j}$$

(5)

$$x[n] = \sin \omega_0 n$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{\omega_0} = \frac{3}{5} = \frac{M}{N}$$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2j} e^{j3\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)n} - \frac{1}{2j} e^{-j3\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)n}$$

$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)n}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_3 = \frac{1}{2j} \quad a_{-3} = -\frac{1}{2j}$$

We still have 5 FS coefficients

$$a_0 = 0 \quad a_1 = 0 \quad a_2 = -\frac{1}{2j} \quad a_3 = \frac{1}{2j} \quad a_4 = 0$$

(6)

# Properties of DT-FS

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Same period

$$x[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} a_k$$

$$y[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} b_k$$

$$A x[n] + B y[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} A a_k + B b_k$$

## Time shifting

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$$x[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} a_k$$

$$x[n-n_0] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} ?$$

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

$$x[n-n_0] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k \frac{e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) (n-n_0)}}{e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{-j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n_0}$$

$$x[n-n_0] = \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k \underbrace{e^{-j\omega k} \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)_{n_0}}_{\text{new FS coeff.}} e^{j\omega k} \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)_n \quad (7)$$

$$x[n-n_0] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} a_k e^{-j\omega k} \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)_{n_0}$$

## Frequency Shifting

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$$x[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} a_k$$

$$e^{j\omega M} \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)_n x[n] = e^{j\omega M} \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)_n \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j\omega k} \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)_n$$

$$= \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k \cancel{e^{j\omega k}} e^{j\omega(k+M)} \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)_n$$

$$\text{Let } r = k + M$$

(8)

$$e^{jM\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)u} x[u]$$

$$= \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j(k+M)\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)u}$$

Let  $r = k + M$

$$= \sum_{r=\langle N \rangle} a_{r-M} e^{jr\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)u}$$

$$= \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_{k-M} e^{jk\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)u}$$

new FS  
coeff.

$$e^{jM\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)u} x[u] \xleftrightarrow{FS} a_{k-M}$$



# Conjugation

(9)

$$x[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} a_k$$

$$x^*[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} ? a_{-k}^*$$

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

$$x^*[n] = \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k^* e^{-j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

$$= \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} \underbrace{a_{-k}^*}_{\substack{\text{new FS} \\ \text{coeff.}}} e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

# Time Reversal

(10)

$$x[n] \xleftrightarrow{FS} a_k$$

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

$$x[-n] = \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k \underbrace{e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) (-n)}}_{e^{-j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}}$$

$$= \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} \underbrace{a_{-k}}_{\text{new FS coeff.}} e^{j k \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

$$x[-n] \xleftrightarrow{FS} a_{-k}$$