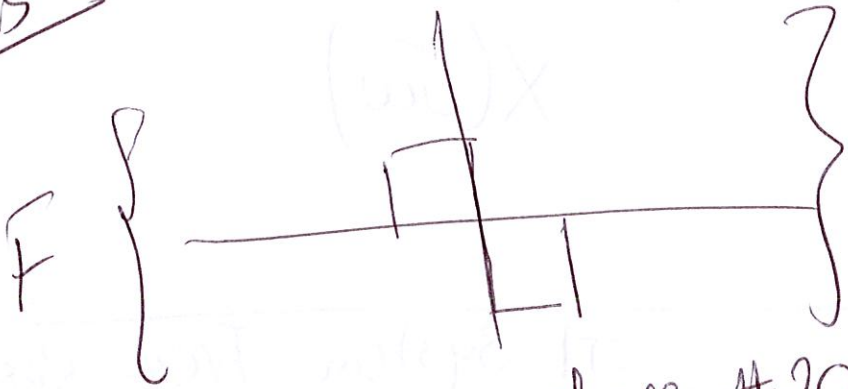


Formal Derivation of the Convolution

Property of the Fourier Transform

Bonus



Due  
Friday  
Nov. 2

End of lecture #20

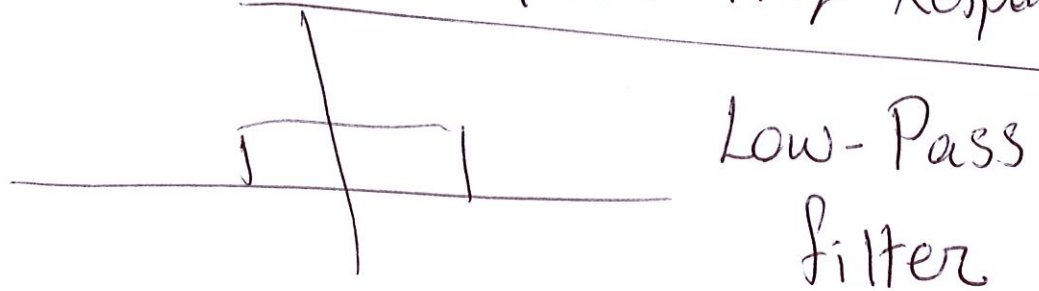
$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Y(j\omega) &= \mathcal{F}\{y(t)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau \right] e^{-j\omega t} dt \\
 &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(t-\tau) e^{-j\omega t} dt \right] d\tau \\
 &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) e^{-j\omega \tau} H(j\omega) d\tau
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Y(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} H(j\omega) dt \quad (2)$$

$$= H(j\omega) \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt}_{X(j\omega)}$$

LTI System Freq. Response



CT

High-Pass filter

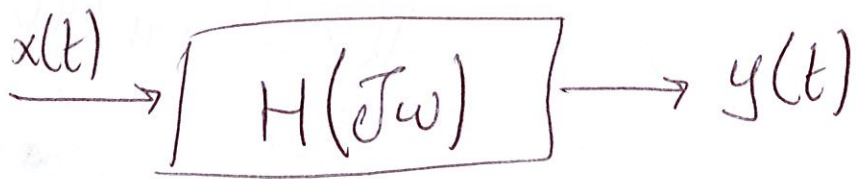


DT

HPF



(3)



Dirichlet Condition 1

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt < \infty \quad (1)$$

$$\hat{h}(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int H(j\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

If (1) is not true, it is not necessarily the case that  $\hat{h}(t) = h(t)$

→ Condition for stability of the LTI System

⇒ FT is useful only for analyzing stable LTI Systems

HW 4 P.4

